

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A display device comprising:
 - a display panel having a plurality of pixel portions arranged in a matrix;
 - a scanning circuit to scan lines of said pixel portions; and
 - a driver circuit to provide said pixel portions with a gray-scale voltage corresponding to display data and a precharge voltage different from the gray-scale voltage corresponding to said display data, and
 - a control circuit to control said precharge voltage based on a value of said display data,
 - wherein said driver circuit provides said precharge voltage to said pixel portions prior to providing the gray-scale voltage corresponding to said display data, during one period of scan horizontal periods in which said scanning circuit scans said pixel portions, and
 - wherein the polarity of said gray-scale voltage is equal to the polarity of said precharge voltage.
2. The display device according to claim 1, wherein said control circuit determines whether said driver circuit should provide said precharge voltage based on the value of said display data, and
 - wherein said driver circuit provides said precharge voltage when said control circuit determines that said driver circuit should provide said precharge voltage.

3. The display device according to claim 2, wherein said control circuit determines whether said driver circuit should provide said precharge voltage based on the value of upper bits of said display data.

4. The display device according to claim 2, wherein said control circuit determines that said driver circuit should provide said precharge voltage when the gray-scale voltage corresponding to said display data is higher than a predetermined value.

5. The display device according to claim 1, wherein, when said gray-scale voltage has a positive polarity, said precharge voltage is higher than the gray-scale voltage corresponding to said display data, and
when said gray-scale voltage has a negative polarity, said precharge voltage is lower than the gray-scale voltage corresponding to said display data.

6. The display device according to claim 1, wherein a first period during which said driver circuit provides said precharge voltage during said one horizontal period is shorter than a second period during which said driver circuit provides the gray-scale voltage corresponding to said display data.

7. The display device according to claim 1, wherein said driver circuit includes an amplifier circuit to generate said precharge voltage by amplifying the gray-scale voltage corresponding to said display data in accordance with a signal from said control circuit.

8. The display device according to claim 1, wherein said driver circuit includes a power supply circuit to generate said gray-scale voltage, and said driver circuit includes a digital-to-analog converter to select a gray-scale voltage corresponding to said display data, based on said gray-scale voltage generated from said power supply circuit, an amplifier circuit to amplify the gray-scale voltage corresponding said display data and a switch to select whether to amplify the gray-scale voltage corresponding to said display data, in accordance with a signal from said control circuit.

9. A display device comprising:
a display panel having a plurality of pixel portions arranged in a matrix;
a scanning circuit to scan lines of said pixel portions; and
a driver circuit to provide said pixel portions with a gray-scale voltage corresponding to display data and a precharge voltage different from the gray-scale voltage corresponding to said display data, and
a control circuit to control ON or OFF of said precharge voltage,
wherein said driver circuit provides said precharge voltage to said pixel portions prior to providing the gray-scale voltage corresponding to said display data, during one period of scan horizontal periods in which said scanning circuit scans said pixel portions, and
wherein the polarity of said gray-scale voltage is equal to the polarity of said precharge voltage.

10. A display device comprising:
a display panel having a plurality of pixel portions arranged in a matrix;
scanning means for scanning lines of said pixel portions; and
driving means for providing said pixel portions with a gray-scale voltage corresponding to display data and a precharge voltage different from the gray-scale voltage corresponding to said display data, and
control means for controlling said precharge voltage based on a value of said display data,
wherein said driving means provides said precharge voltage to said pixel portions prior to providing the gray-scale voltage corresponding to said display data, during one period of scan horizontal periods in which said scanning means scans said pixel portions, and
wherein the polarity of said gray-scale voltage is equal to the polarity of said precharge voltage.

11. The display device according to claim 10, wherein said control means determines whether said driving means should provide said precharge voltage based on the value of said display data, and
wherein said driving means circuit provides said precharge voltage when said control means determines that said driving means should provide said precharge voltage.

12. The display device according to claim 11, wherein said control means determines whether said driving means should provide said precharge voltage based on the value of upper bits of said display data.

13. The display device according to claim 11, wherein said control means determines that said driving means should provide said precharge voltage when the gray-scale voltage corresponding to said display data is higher than a predetermined value.

14. The display device according to claim 10, wherein, when said gray-scale voltage has a positive polarity, said precharge voltage is higher than the gray-scale voltage corresponding to said display data, and

when said gray-scale voltage has a negative polarity, said precharge voltage is lower than the gray scale voltage corresponding to said display data.

15. The display device according to claim 10, wherein a first period during which said driving means provides said precharge voltage during said one horizontal period is shorter than a second period during which said driving means provides the gray-scale voltage corresponding to said display data.

16. The display device according to claim 10, wherein said driving means includes amplifier means for generating said precharge voltage by amplifying the gray-scale voltage corresponding to said display data in accordance with a signal from said control means.

17. The display device according to claim 10, wherein said driving means includes a power supply means for generating said gray-scale voltage, and said driving means includes a digital-to-analog converting means for selecting a gray-scale voltage corresponding to said display data, based on said gray-scale voltage generated from said power supply means, amplifier means for amplifying the gray-scale voltage corresponding said display data and a switching means for selecting whether to amplify the gray-scale voltage corresponding to said display data, in accordance with a signal from said control means.